AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of the claims in this application:

- 1. (Original) A method of extracting a silhouette of an object against a fairly plain background in an image comprising a plurality of pixels, the method comprising: processing the image by determining if adjacent pixels of the image have an equal grey level value, the processing being independent of the numerical values of the original grey level values of pixels of the image.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the processing comprises: forming iso-grey regions by partitioning regions of pixels in the image that are adjacently connected and have the same grey level value; and modifying the grey level value of each iso-grey region to be equal to a new grey level value.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein modifying the grey level of each iso-grey region to be equal to a new grey level value comprises setting the grey level value of the pixels in each respective iso-grey region equal to a number of pixels in the respective iso-grey region.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein iso-grey regions that have a number of pixels less than a selectable threshold value are modified by being assigned another new grey level value that aids in determining a coarse boundary of the object.
- 5. (Currently amended) The method of claim 3 wherein for each respective isogrey region, if the new grey level value is greater than a given threshold value the grey level value of all pixels in the respective iso-grey region is set to a grey level value equal to "white" a largest grey level that is greater than the threshold value and if the new grey level value is less than a given threshold value the grey level value of all pixels in the respective iso-grey region is set to a grey level value within a selected subrange of the full range of grey level values that is proportional to the actual grey level value within the full range of grey levels, the grey level value within a selected subrange aiding in determining a coarse boundary of the object.

6. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein processing the image further comprises:

defining a coarse boundary around the object by analyzing the area outside the object and marking the coarse boundary;

defining the silhouette of the object by analyzing the area within the coarse boundary around the object.

7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 6 wherein analyzing the area outside the object comprises moving a detector around the image in an area external to the object and identifying pixels that define the coarse boundary of the object; and

wherein analyzing the area inside the object comprises moving a detector around the image in an area internal to the object and identifying pixels that define the silhouette of the object.

- 8. (Cancelled)
- 9. (Currently amended) The method of claim 7-or-8 wherein the detector comprises a circular shaped region having a radius of one or more pixels.
- 10. (Currently amended) The method of any one of claims 1 to 9 claim 1 wherein prior to the step of determining if adjacent pixels of the image have an equal grey level value, a further step comprises operating on each pixel of the plurality of pixels in the image to modify the grey level value of each pixel with the purpose of creating iso-grey regions in close proximity to the object that aid in determining a coarse boundary of the object.
- 11. (Currently amended) The method of claim 10 wherein operating on each pixel of the plurality of pixels comprises one of a group of mathematical operations consisting of:
- 1) calculating an average grey level value of a given pixel and the grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and applying the calculated average to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels.
- 2) calculating a median grey level value of a given pixel and the grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated median grey level value to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels followed by calculating an average grey level value of the modified grey level value of the given pixel and the modified grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and

further modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated average to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels; and

- 3) calculating an average grey level value of a given pixel and the grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated average to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels, calculating a median grey level value of the modified grey level value of the given pixel and the modified pixels adjacent to the given pixel and further modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated median grey level value to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels and calculating the average grey level value again of the given pixel and the grey level values of pixels adjacent to a given pixel and yet again modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated average grey level value to the given pixel.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 6 wherein subsequent to defining a coarse boundary, a further step comprises operating on each pixel of the plurality of pixels in the image to further define the coarse boundary.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein operating on each pixel of the plurality of pixels comprises modifying the grey level of each pixel by using one or more repetitions of a dilation operation, the dilation operation modifying the grey level of each pixel to be equal to a maximum grey level of the pixel and the pixels adjacent to the pixel.
- 14. (Currently amended) The method of any one of claims 6 to 9 and 12 claim 6 wherein the steps of forming iso-grey regions, defining a coarse boundary and defining the silhouette are repeated to further refine the shape of the silhouette.
 - 15. (Cancelled)
- 16. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1514 wherein the steps are repeated more than once.
- 17. (Currently amended) The method of claim 16 wherein forbefore a first repetition when the steps are repeated more than once, each pixel of the plurality of pixels in the image being operated on comprises a manner comprising:

calculating a median grey level value of a given pixel and the grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and modifying the grey level of the given pixel by applying the calculated median grey level to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels; followed by and

calculating an average grey level value of the modified grey level value of the given pixel and the modified grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and further modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated average grey level to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels.

18. (Currently amended) The method of claim 16, wherein for subsequent repetitions before a repetition when the steps are repeated more than once, each pixel of the plurality of pixels in the image being operated on comprises in a manner comprising:

calculating a bias grey level value of a given pixel and the grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated bias to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels; followed by

calculating a median grey level value of the given pixel and the grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and further modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated median grey level value to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels; and followed by

calculating an average grey level value of the given pixel and the grey level values of pixels adjacent to the given pixel and yet again modifying the grey level value of the given pixel by applying the calculated average grey level value to the given pixel for each of the plurality of pixels.

- 19. (Currently amended) The method of any one of claims 1 to 19 claim 1 wherein the object is a head and upper torso of a person.
- 20. (Original) A computer readable medium having computer readable program code means embodied therein for extracting a silhouette of an object against a fairly plain background from an image comprising a plurality of pixels, the computer readable code means comprising:

code means for processing the image, the processing comprising determining if adjacent pixels of the image have an equal grey level value, the processing being independent of the numerical values of the original grey level values of pixels of the image.

21. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 20, the computer readable code means further comprising:

code means for forming iso-grey regions by partitioning regions of pixels in the image that are adjacently connected and have the same grey level value; and

code means for modifying the grey level value of each iso-grey region to be equal to a new grey level value.

22. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 21, the computer readable code means further comprising:

wherein the code means for modifying the grey level of each iso-grey region to be equal to a new grey level value comprises code means for setting the grey level value of the pixels in each respective iso-grey region equal to a number of pixels in the respective iso-grey region.

23. (Currently amended) The computer readable medium of claim 22, the computer readable code means further comprising:

code means for, if the new grey level value is greater than a selectable threshold value, setting the grey level value of all pixels in the respective iso-grey region to a grey level value equal to "white" if the new grey level value is greater than a selectable a largest grey level that is greater than the threshold value; and

code means for, if the new grey level value is less than a given threshold value, setting the grey level value of all pixels in the respective iso-grey region to a grey level value within a selected subrange of the full range of grey level values that is proportional to the actual grey level value within the full range of grey levels if the new grey level value is less than a given threshold value:

the grey level value within a selected subrange aiding in determining a coarse boundary of the object.

24. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 21, the computer readable code means further comprising:

code means for defining a coarse boundary around the object by analyzing the area outside the object and marking the coarse boundary;

code means for defining the silhouette of the object by analyzing the area within the coarse boundary around the object.

25. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 20, the computer readable code means further comprising:

code means for operating on each pixel of the plurality of pixels in the image to modify the grey level value of each pixel with the purpose of creating iso-grey regions in close proximity to the object that aid in determining a coarse boundary of the object.

- 26. (Cancelled)
- 27. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 24, the computer readable code means further comprising:

code means for initiating repeating the steps performed by the code means for forming iso-grey regions, defining a coarse boundary and defining the silhouette to further refine the shape of the silhouette.

28. (Cancelled)